

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) POLICY



2024

FAYETTE COUNTY
HOUSING AUTHORITY

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Contents

I.	PURPOSE AND APPLICABILITY	2
II.	GOALS AND OBJECTIVES.....	2
III.	DEFINITIONS.....	2
IV.	NOTIFICATIONS PROVIDED	3
V.	ADMISSIONS AND SCREENING.....	3
VI.	TERMINATION OF TENANCY OR ASSISTANCE.....	4
I.	VAWA Protections	4
II.	Limitations of VAWA Protections.....	4
VII.	VERIFICATION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING .	5
VIII.	NON-CITIZEN SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION	6
IX.	EMERGENCY TRANSFER PLAN.....	7
C.	Safety and Security of Tenants	8
X.	OTHER REMEDIES.....	9
A.	Lease Bifurcation	9
B.	Efforts to promote housing stability	9
C.	Relationships with Service Providers.....	9
	ATTACHMENT I.....	10
	LOCAL RESOURCES FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING.....	10
	ATTACHMENT II.....	11
	Emergency Transfer Plan for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking.....	11
	Attachment III	15
	NOTICE OF OCCUPANCY RIGHTS UNDER THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (PH).....	15
	ATTACHMENT IV	23
	NOTICE OF OCCUPANCY RIGHTS UNDER THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (Section 8).....	23
	ATTACHMENT V	28
	FORM HUD-5382, CERTIFICATION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING, AND ALTERNATE DOCUMENTATION	28
	ATTACHMENT VI	30
	FORM HUD-5383, EMERGENCY TRANSFER REQUEST FOR CERTAIN VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING	30

I. PURPOSE AND APPLICABILITY

The purpose of this Policy is to implement the requirements of the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) with respect to responsibilities of the Fayette County Housing Authority regarding domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking. This Policy shall be applicable to all of the Federally Subsidized Housing Programs administered by the Fayette County Housing Authority and shall be part of the Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy and the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Administrative Plan by reference. Protections under this Policy are available to all victims regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation, and will be consistent with all Nondiscrimination and Fair Housing Requirements.

II. GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

- A. Maintaining compliance with all applicable legal requirements imposed by VAWA.
- B. Ensuring the physical safety of victims of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking.
- C. Providing and maintaining housing opportunities for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking.
- D. Creating and maintaining collaborative arrangements between the Housing Authority, law enforcement authorities, victim service providers and others to promote the safety and well-being of victims of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking.
- E. Taking appropriate action in response to an incident or incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking affecting individuals assisted by the Housing Authority.

III. DEFINITIONS

- A. Domestic Violence – Includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child, by a person who is living with or has lived with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the Domestic or Family Violence Laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the Domestic or Family Violence Laws of the jurisdiction.
- B. Spouse or Intimate Partner – Includes a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim, as determined by the length of the relationship, the type of the relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
- C. Dating Violence – Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and where the existence of such a relationship is determined by the length of the relationship, the type of the relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

- D. Sexual Assault – is any type of sexual contact or behavior that occurs without the explicit consent of the recipient, including when the individual lacks capacity to consent.
- E. Stalking – Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person’s individual safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.
- F. Affiliated Individual – With respect to an Individual, means:
 - 1) A spouse, parent, brother, sister, or child of that individual, or a person to whom that individual stands in the place of a parent or guardian (for example, the affiliated individual is a person in the care, custody, or control of that individual); or
 - 2) Any other person living in the household of that individual.
- G. Perpetrator – A person who commits acts of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking against a victim.
- H. VAWA Self Petitioner – Refers to noncitizens who claim to be victims of “battery or extreme cruelty”. Battery or extreme cruelty includes domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. VAWA allows these noncitizens to self-petition for Lawful Permanent Resident (LPR) status without the cooperation of or knowledge of their abusive relative.

IV. NOTIFICATIONS PROVIDED

- A. All Applicants and Tenants of the Fayette County Housing Authority’s Housing Programs will be provided HUD-5380, Notification of Occupancy Rights Under the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), and Form HUD-5382, Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking and Alternate Documents at the following times:
 - 1) At time of denial of assistance or admission
 - 2) At time of providing of assistance or admission
 - 3) At any eviction or termination
 - 4) At recertification (reexamination) or lease renewal.
- B. These Forms will be provided in the applicable language, if necessary, in accordance with Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency.

V. ADMISSIONS AND SCREENING

- A. Non-Denial of Assistance – The Fayette County Housing Authority will not deny assistance or admission to any person because that person is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, provided that such person is otherwise qualified for admission.
- B. If requested by an applicant to take such mitigating information into account, the Housing Authority shall be entitled to conduct such inquiries as are reasonably

necessary to verify the claimed history of domestic violence and its probable relevance to the potentially disqualifying information.

- C. The Housing Authority will not disregard or mitigate potentially disqualifying information if the applicant household includes a perpetrator of a previous incident or incidents of domestic violence.

VI. TERMINATION OF TENANCY OR ASSISTANCE

I. VAWA Protections

- A. A tenant may not be denied tenancy or occupancy rights solely on the basis of criminal activity directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking if:
 - 1) the criminal activity is engaged in by a member of the household of the tenant or any guest or other person under the control of the tenant; and
 - 2) the tenant or an affiliated individual of the tenant is the victim or threatened victim of such domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

II. Limitations of VAWA Protections

- A. Nothing in the above Section limits the authority of the Fayette County Housing Authority to comply with a court order with respect to the rights of access or control of property, including civil protection orders issued to protect a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or the distribution or possession of property among members of the household.
- B. Nothing in the above Section limits any available authority of the Housing Authority to evict or terminate assistance to a tenant for any violation not premised on an act of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or staling. However, the Housing Authority will not hold to a more demanding standard, a tenant or an affiliated individual who is or has been a victim of or domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.
- C. Nothing in the above Section limits the authority of the Housing Authority to evict or terminate from assistance any tenant or lawful applicant if
 - 1) The Housing Authority can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or to those employed at or providing service to the property, if the tenant is not evicted or terminated from the assistance, and
 - 2) No other actions that could be taken to reduce the threat have been successful, including transferring the victim to a different unit, barring the perpetrator from the property, involving law enforcement, or seeking other legal remedies to prevent the perpetrator from acting on a threat.

VII. VERIFICATION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING

- A. Requirement for Verification – Subject only to waiver as provided in Paragraph D below, the Fayette County Housing Authority shall require verification in all cases where an individual requests protection against an action involving domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Verification may be accomplished in one of three ways:
- 1) Completing HUD-5382, Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking.
 - 2) Other documentation signed by an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, or a medical professional, from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or the side effects of the abuse, described in such documentation. The professional providing the documentation must sign and attest under penalty of perjury that the incident or incidents in questions are bona fide and meet the requirements of the applicable definition set forth in this Policy.
 - 3) Police or court record – provided to the Housing Authority by federal, state, tribal, or local police or court record describing the incident or incidents in question.
- B. Time Allowed – An individual who claims protection against adverse action based on an incident or incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, and who is requested by the Housing Authority to provide verification, must provide such verification within 14 business days after receipt of the request for verification. Failure to provide verification, in proper form within such time, will result in loss of protection under VAWA and this Policy against a proposed adverse action.
- C. If the Housing Authority receives conflicting evidence that an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking has been committed (such as Certification Forms from two or more members of a household each claiming to be a victim and naming one or more of the other petitioning household members as the abuser or perpetrator), the Housing Authority has the right to request that the tenant provide third-party documentation within thirty (30) calendar days in order to resolve the conflict. Failure to provide third-party documentation where there is conflicting evidence will result in loss of protection under VAWA and this Policy against a proposed adverse action.
- D. Waiver of verification requirement – With respect to any specific case, the Housing Authority may waive the above-stated requirements for verification and provide the benefits of this Policy based on the victim’s statement or other corroborating evidence. Such waiver may be granted in the sole discretion of the Executive Director or Deputy Executive Director. Any such waiver must be in writing. Waiver

in a particular instance or instances shall not operate as precedent for, or create any right to, waiver in any other case or cases, regardless of similarity in circumstances.

VIII. NON-CITIZEN SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION

- A. Financial assistance to ineligible noncitizens will not be denied while verifying immigration status.
- B. Self-petitioners can indicate that they are in “satisfactory immigration status when applying for assistance or continued assistance. “Satisfactory immigration status” means an immigration status which does not make the individual ineligible for financial assistance. After verifying such immigration status in the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlement (SAVE) System, the Housing Authority will make a final determination as to the self-petitioner’s eligibility for assistance.
- C. In order to qualify, the noncitizen victim must have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by their spouse or parent, who is a U.S. Citizen or LPR (Lawfully Permanent Resident).
- D. Once the Housing Authority receives a self-petition (INS Form I-360 or I-130) or INS Form 797, the Housing Authority will not request any additional information from the VAWA self-petitioner, other than what is required using the SAVE System to complete the verification.
- E. When the Housing Authority receives a self-petition or INS Form 797 Notice of Action, the Housing Authority will initiate verification in the SAVE System.
- F. Final determination from the SAVE System – The PHA will receive one of two confirmations:
 - 1) The VAWA Self-Petition is verified, in which case the applicant is immediately eligible for housing, and no evidence of battery or extreme cruelty shall be requested or collected.
 - 2) The I-130 is verified, in which case the petitioner submitting a family-based visa petition must provide to the Housing Authority any evidence of “battery or extreme cruelty”.
- G. Housing assistance and all other VAWA protections will be granted to the self-petitioner throughout the verification process until a final determination of LPR (Lawful Permanent Resident) status is made. If the final determination is to deny the VAWA self-petition or LPR petition, the Housing Authority must alert the petitioner and take actions to terminate Voucher Assistance or evict the petitioner from Public Housing in accordance with the existing Public Housing Requirements.

IX. EMERGENCY TRANSFER PLAN

In accordance with the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), the Fayette County Housing Authority allows tenants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to request an emergency transfer from the tenant's current unit to another unit regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation. The ability of the Housing Authority to honor such request for tenants currently receiving assistance may depend upon:

- A. A preliminary determination that the tenant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and
- B. On whether the Housing Authority has another dwelling unit that is available and is safe to offer the tenant for temporary or more permanent occupancy.

To request an emergency transfer, the Tenant shall notify the Housing Authority Office and submit a written request for a transfer (Form HUD-5383). The Housing Authority will provide reasonable accommodations to this Policy for individuals for disabilities. The tenant's written request for an Emergency Transfer should include either:

- A. A statement expressing that the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant were to remain in the same dwelling unit assisted under the Housing Authority's Program; or
- B. A statement that the tenant was a sexual assault victim and that the sexual assault occurred on the premises during the 90 calendar-day period preceding the tenant's request for an Emergency Transfer.

The Housing Authority cannot guarantee that a transfer request will be approved or how long it will take to process a transfer request. However, the Housing Authority will act as quickly as possible to move a tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to another unit, subject to availability and safety of a unit.

- A. If a tenant reasonably believes a proposed transfer would not be safe, the tenant may request a transfer to a different unit.
- B. If a unit is available, the transferred tenant must agree to abide by the terms and conditions that govern occupancy in the unit to which the tenant has been transferred. The Housing Authority may be unable to transfer a tenant to a particular unit if the tenant cannot establish eligibility for that unit.
- C. In cases where the Housing Authority determines that the family's decision to move out of the Housing Authority's unit was reasonable under the circumstances, the Housing Authority may wholly or partially waive rent payments, and any rent owed shall be reduced by the amounts of rent collected for the remaining lease term from a tenant subsequently occupying the unit.
- D. Portability – A Housing Choice Voucher Assisted tenant will not be denied portability to a unit located in another jurisdiction so long as the tenant has complied with all other requirements of the Housing Choice Voucher Program, and has moved from the unit in order to protect the health or safety of an individual member of the household who is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, and who reasonably believes that the tenant or other household member will be imminently threatened by harm from further violence if the individual remains in the present dwelling unit.

- E. If the Housing Authority has no safe and available units for which a tenant who needs an emergency is eligible, the Housing Authority will assist the tenant in identifying other housing providers who may have safe and available units to which the tenant could move.
- F. At the tenant's request, the Housing Authority will also assist tenants in contacting the local organizations offering assistance to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking that are attached to this Plan.

C. SAFETY AND SECURITY OF TENANTS

- A. Confidentiality – The Fayette County Housing Authority will keep any information that the tenant submits in requesting an Emergency Transfer, and information about the Emergency Transfer, unless the tenant gives the Housing Authority permission to release the information on a time limited basis, or disclosure of the information is required by law or required for use in an eviction proceeding or hearing regarding termination of assistance from the covered program. This includes keeping confidential the new location of the dwelling unit of the tenant, if one is provided, from the person(s) that committed an act(s) of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against the tenant.
- B. Pending processing of the transfer and the actual transfer, if it is approved and occurs, the tenant is urged to take all reasonable precautions to be safe.
- C. Tenants who are or have been victims of domestic violence are encouraged to contact the National Domestic Violence Hotline 1-800-799-7233, or a local domestic violence shelter, for assistance in creating a safety plan. For persons with hearing impairments, that Hotline can be accessed by calling 1-800-787-3224 (TTY).
- D. Tenants who have been victims of sexual assault may call the Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network's National Sexual Assault Hotline at 800-656-HOPE (4673), or visit the online Hotline at <https://ohl.rainn.org/online/>.
- E. Tenants who are or have been victims of stalking seeking help may visit the National Center for Victims of Crime's Stalking Resource Center at:
<https://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center>.
A copy of the Emergency Transfer Plan is included in and made a part of the Fayette County Housing Authority's Admission and Continued Occupancy Policy and the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Administrative Plan.

X. OTHER REMEDIES

A. Lease Bifurcation

- 1) The Fayette County Housing Authority may bifurcate a lease; that is, remove a household member from a lease in order to evict, remove, or terminate occupancy rights, or terminate assistance to that member who engages in criminal activity related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. In such a case, it does not matter that the perpetrator was a signatory to the lease and the victim is allowed to stay in the unit or on the program.
- 2) In removing the perpetrator from the household, the Housing Authority will follow all federal, state, and local eviction procedures.
- 3) If the evicted person was the eligible person in the household, the remaining tenants will be given 90 days from the date of bifurcation of the lease to:
 - a. Establish eligibility for the program they are currently under;
 - b. Establish eligibility under another program; or
 - c. Find alternative housing.

B. Efforts to promote housing stability

The Fayette County Housing Authority will make every effort that is feasible and permissible to assist victims to remain in their units or other units of the Housing Authority and/or retain assistance. The Housing Authority will bear the cost of any transfer, where permissible.

C. Relationships with Service Providers

It is the policy of the Fayette County Housing Authority to cooperate with organizations and entities, both private and governmental, that provide shelter and/or services to victims of domestic violence. If the Housing Authority becomes aware that an individual assisted by the Housing Authority is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, the Housing Authority will refer the victim to such providers of shelter or services as appropriate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Policy does not create any legal obligation requiring the Housing Authority either to maintain a relationship with any particular provider of shelter or services to victims of domestic violence, or to make a referral in any particular case. The Housing Authority's Annual Public Housing Agency Plan shall describe providers of shelter or services to victims of domestic violence with which the Housing Authority has referral or other cooperative relationships.

ATTACHMENT I

LOCAL RESOURCES FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING

1. **Domestic Violence Services of Southwestern PA, Inc. 724-439-9500 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week)**
2. **Christian Counseling Associates of Western PA 724-888-5058**
3. **Momentum Couples and Family Therapy, LLC 724-359-2037**
4. **Women in Balance – Counseling Services 304-241-1097**

ATTACHMENT II

Emergency Transfer Plan for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking

EMERGENCY TRANSFERS

The Fayette County Housing Authority (**also referred to as the Housing Authority in this Plan**) is concerned about the safety of its Tenants, and such concern extends to Tenants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. In accordance with the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA),¹ the Housing Authority allows tenants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to request an emergency transfer from the tenant's current unit to another unit. The ability to request a transfer is available regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.² The ability of the Housing Authority to honor such request for tenants currently receiving assistance, however, may depend upon a preliminary determination that the tenant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and on whether the Housing Authority has another dwelling unit that is available and is safe to offer the tenant for temporary or more permanent occupancy.

This Plan identifies tenants who are eligible for an emergency transfer, the documentation needed to request an emergency transfer, confidentiality protections, how an emergency transfer may occur, and guidance to tenants on safety and security. This Plan is based on a model emergency transfer plan published by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

¹ Despite the name of this law, VAWA protection is available to all victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

² Housing providers cannot discriminate on the basis of any protected characteristic, including race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, disability, or age. HUD-assisted and HUD-insured housing must be made available to all otherwise eligible individuals regardless of actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.

(HUD), the Federal Agency that oversees the Public Housing and Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs of the Fayette County Housing Authority are in compliance with VAWA.

Eligibility for Emergency Transfers

A tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, as provided in HUD's Regulations at **24 CFR Part 5, Subpart L** is eligible for an emergency transfer, if: the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant remains within the same unit. If the tenant is a victim of sexual assault, the tenant may also be eligible to transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises within the 90-calendar-day period preceding a request for an emergency transfer.

A tenant requesting an Emergency Transfer must expressly request the transfer in accordance with the procedures described in this Plan.

Tenants who are not in good standing may still request an Emergency Transfer if they meet the eligibility requirements in this section.

Emergency Transfer Request Documentation

To request an Emergency Transfer, the tenant shall notify either the Fayette County Housing Authority's Management Office or Administration Office, and submit a written request for a transfer to another Public Housing Development, or to move from their current Section 8 Residence to another Residence using their Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher. The Housing Authority will provide reasonable accommodations to this Policy for individuals with disabilities. The tenant's written request for an emergency transfer should include either:

1. A statement expressing that the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant were to remain in the same dwelling unit assisted under Housing Authority's Public Housing or Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program; OR

2. A statement that the tenant was a sexual assault victim and that the sexual assault occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the tenant's request for an Emergency Transfer.

Confidentiality

The Fayette County Housing Authority will keep confidential any information that the tenant submits in requesting an Emergency Transfer, and information about the Emergency Transfer, unless the tenant gives Housing Authority written permission to release the information on a time limited basis, or disclosure of the information is required by law or required for use in an eviction proceeding or hearing regarding termination of assistance from the covered Program(s). This includes keeping confidential the new location of the dwelling unit of the tenant, if one is provided, from the person(s) that committed an act(s) of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against the tenant. See the Notice of Occupancy Rights under the Violence Against Women Act For All Tenants for more information about the Housing Authority's responsibility to maintain the confidentiality of information related to incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Emergency Transfer Timing and Availability

The Fayette County Housing Authority cannot guarantee that a transfer request will be approved or how long it will take to process a transfer request. The Housing Authority will, however, act as quickly as possible to move a tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to another unit, subject to availability and safety of a unit. If a tenant reasonably believes a proposed transfer would not be safe, the tenant may request a transfer to a different unit. If a unit is available, the transferred tenant must agree to abide by the terms and conditions that govern occupancy in the unit to which the tenant has been transferred. The Housing Authority may be unable to transfer a tenant to a particular unit if the tenant has not or cannot establish eligibility for that unit.

If the Housing Authority has no safe and available units for which a tenant who needs an emergency is eligible, the Housing Authority will assist the tenant in identifying other housing providers who may have safe and available units to which the tenant could move. At the tenant's request, the Housing Authority will also assist tenants in contacting the local organizations offering assistance to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking that are attached to this plan.

Safety and Security of Tenants

Pending processing of the transfer and the actual transfer, if it is approved and occurs, the tenant is urged to take all reasonable precautions to be safe.

Tenants who are or have been victims of domestic violence are encouraged to contact the National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1-800-799-7233, or a local domestic violence shelter, for assistance in creating a safety plan. For persons with hearing impairments, that hotline can be accessed by calling 1-800-787-3224 (TTY). Tenants who have been victims of sexual assault may call the Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network's National Sexual Assault Hotline at 800-656-HOPE, or visit the online hotline at <https://ohl.rainn.org/online/>. Tenants who are or have been victims of stalking seeking help may visit the National Center for Victims of Crime's Stalking Resource Center at <https://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center>. **Attachment:** Local organizations offering assistance to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. (See Listed Below):

- 1. Domestic Violence Services of Southwestern PA, Inc.**
724-439-9500 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week)
- 2. Christian Counseling Associates of Western PA**
724-888-5058
- 3. Momentum Couples and Family Therapy, LLC**
724-359-2037
- 4. Women in Balance – Counseling Services**
304-241-1097

ATTACHMENT III

NOTICE OF OCCUPANCY RIGHTS UNDER THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (PH)

FAYETTE COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY

Notice of Occupancy Rights under the Violence Against Women Act³

To all Tenants and Applicants

The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) provides protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. VAWA protections are not only available to women, but are available equally to all individuals regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.⁴ The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is the Federal Agency that oversees that the **Public Housing and Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs of the Fayette County Housing Authority** are in compliance with VAWA. This Notice explains your rights under VAWA. A HUD-Approved Certification Form is attached to this Notice. You can fill out this form to show that you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and that you wish to use your rights under VAWA.”

Protections for Applicants

If you otherwise qualify for assistance under the **Public Housing or Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs**, you cannot be denied admission or denied assistance because you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Protections for Tenants

If you are receiving assistance under the **Public Housing or Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs**, you may not be denied assistance, terminated from participation, or be

³ Despite the name of this law, VAWA protection is available regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

⁴ Housing providers cannot discriminate on the basis of any protected characteristic, including race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, disability, or age. HUD-assisted and HUD-insured housing must be made available to all otherwise eligible individuals regardless of actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.

evicted from your rental housing because you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Also, if you or an affiliated individual of yours is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking by a member of your household or any guest, you may not be denied rental assistance or occupancy rights under the **Public Housing or Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs** solely on the basis of criminal activity directly relating to that domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Affiliated individual means your spouse, parent, brother, sister, or child, or a person to whom you stand in the place of a parent or guardian (for example, the affiliated individual is in your care, custody, or control); or any individual, tenant, or lawful occupant living in your household.

Removing the Abuser or Perpetrator from the Household

The Fayette County Housing Authority or your Section 8 Landlord may divide (bifurcate) your lease in order to evict the individual or terminate the assistance of the individual who has engaged in criminal activity (the abuser or perpetrator) directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

If the Fayette County Housing Authority or your Section 8 Landlord chooses to remove the abuser or perpetrator, the Housing Authority or Section 8 Landlord may not take away the rights of eligible tenants to the unit or otherwise punish the remaining tenants. If the evicted abuser or perpetrator was the sole tenant to have established eligibility for assistance under the program, the Housing Authority or Section 8 Landlord must allow the tenant who is or has been a victim and other household members to remain in the unit for a period of time, in order to establish eligibility under the program or under another HUD housing program covered by VAWA, or, find alternative housing.

In removing the abuser or perpetrator from the household, the Fayette County Housing Authority or Section 8 Landlord must follow Federal, State, and Local eviction procedures. In order to

divide a lease, the Housing Authority or Section 8 Landlord may, but is not required to, ask you for documentation or certification of the incidences of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Moving to Another Unit

Upon your request, the Fayette County Housing Authority or Section 8 Landlord may permit you to move to another unit, subject to the availability of other units, and still keep your assistance. In order to approve a request, the Housing Authority may ask you to provide documentation that you are requesting to move because of an incidence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. If the request is a request for emergency transfer, the Housing Authority may ask you to submit a written request or fill out a form where you certify that you meet the criteria for an emergency transfer under VAWA. The criteria are:

- (1) You are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.** If the Housing Authority does not already have documentation that you are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, the Housing Authority may ask you for such documentation, as described in the documentation section below.
- (2) You expressly request the emergency transfer.** The Housing Authority may choose to require that you submit a form, or may accept another written or oral request.
- (3) You reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your current unit.** This means you have a reason to fear that if you do not receive a transfer you would suffer violence in the very near future.

OR

You are a victim of sexual assault and the assault occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period before you request a transfer. If you are a

victim of sexual assault, then in addition to qualifying for an emergency transfer because you reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your unit, you may qualify for an emergency transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises of the property from which you are seeking your transfer, and that assault happened within the 90-calendar-day period before you expressly request the transfer.

The Fayette County Housing Authority will keep confidential requests for emergency transfers by victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and the location of any move by such victims and their families.

The Fayette County Housing Authority's Emergency Transfer Plan provides further information on emergency transfers, and the Housing Authority must make a copy of its Emergency Transfer Plan available to you if you ask to see it.

Documenting You Are or Have Been a Victim of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking

The Fayette County Housing Authority can, but is not required to, ask you to provide documentation to "certify" that you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Such request from the Housing Authority must be in writing, and the Housing Authority must give you at least 14 business days (Saturdays, Sundays, and Federal Holidays do not count) from the day you receive the request to provide the documentation. The Housing Authority may, but does not have to, extend the deadline for the submission of documentation upon your request.

You can provide one of the following to the Fayette County Housing Authority as documentation. It is your choice which of the following to submit if the Housing Authority asks you to provide documentation that you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

- A complete HUD-Approved Certification form given to you by the Housing Authority with this notice, that documents an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. The form will ask for your name, the date, time, and location of the incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and a description of the incident. The Certification Form provides for including the name of the abuser or perpetrator if the name of the abuser or perpetrator is known and is safe to provide.
- A record of a Federal, State, tribal, territorial, or local law enforcement agency, court, or administrative agency that documents the incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Examples of such records include police reports, protective orders, and restraining orders, among others.
- A statement, which you must sign, along with the signature of an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, a medical professional or a mental health professional (collectively, “professional”) from whom you sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or the effects of abuse, and with the professional selected by you attesting under penalty of perjury that he or she believes that the incident or incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking are grounds for protection.
- Any other statement or evidence that the Housing Authority has agreed to accept.

If you fail or refuse to provide one of these documents within the 14 business days, the Fayette County Housing Authority does not have to provide you with the protections contained in this Notice.

If the Fayette County Housing Authority receives conflicting evidence that an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking has been committed (such as certification forms from two or more members of a household each claiming to be a victim and

naming one or more of the other petitioning household members as the abuser or perpetrator), the Housing Authority has the right to request that you provide third-party documentation within thirty 30 calendar days in order to resolve the conflict. If you fail or refuse to provide third-party documentation where there is conflicting evidence, the Housing Authority does not have to provide you with the protections contained in this notice.

Confidentiality

The Fayette County Housing Authority must keep confidential any information you provide related to the exercise of your rights under VAWA, including the fact that you are exercising your rights under VAWA.

The Housing Authority must not allow any individual administering assistance or other services on behalf of the Housing Authority (for example, employees and contractors) to have access to confidential information unless for reasons that specifically call for these individuals to have access to this information under applicable Federal, State, or Local Law.

The Fayette County Housing Authority must not enter your information into any shared database or disclose your information to any other entity or individual. The Housing Authority, however, may disclose the information provided if:

- You give written permission to the Housing Authority to release the information on a time limited basis.
- The Housing Authority needs to use the information in an eviction or termination proceeding, such as to evict your abuser or perpetrator or terminate your abuser or perpetrator from assistance under this program.
- A law requires the Housing Authority or your landlord to release the information.

VAWA does not limit the Fayette County Housing Authority's duty to honor court orders about access to or control of the property. This includes orders issued to protect a victim and orders dividing property among household members in cases where a family breaks up.

Reasons a Tenant Eligible for Occupancy Rights under VAWA May Be Evicted or Assistance May Be Terminated

You can be evicted and your assistance can be terminated for serious or repeated lease violations that are not related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking committed against you. However, the Fayette County Housing Authority cannot hold tenants who have been victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to a more demanding set of rules than it applies to tenants who have not been victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

The protections described in this Notice might not apply, and you could be evicted and your assistance terminated, if the Housing Authority can demonstrate that not evicting you or terminating your assistance would present a real physical danger that:

- 1) Would occur within an immediate time frame, and
- 2) Could result in death or serious bodily harm to other tenants or those who work on the property.

If the Housing Authority can demonstrate the above, then the Housing Authority should only terminate your assistance or evict you if there are no other actions that could be taken to reduce or eliminate the threat.

Other Laws

VAWA does not replace any Federal, State, or local law that provides greater protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. You may be entitled to additional housing protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking under other Federal laws, as well as under State and local laws.

Non-Compliance with The Requirements of This Notice

You may report the Fayette County Housing Authority's violations of these rights and seek additional assistance, if needed, by contacting or filing a complaint with **the Office of Public**

Housing, U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development, William Moorhead Federal Building, 1000 Liberty Avenue, Suite 1000, Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4004.

For Additional Information

You may view a copy of HUD's final VAWA rule at **Federal Register 24 CFR, Part 5, Subpart L, Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013: Implementation in HUD Housing Programs, Final Rule (81 Federal Register 80724), dated November, 2016.**

Additionally, the Fayette County Housing Authority must make a copy of HUD's VAWA Regulations available to you if you ask to see them.

For questions regarding VAWA, please contact **the Tenant Selection Department of the Fayette County Housing Authority at 724-434-2118, or Lora Beth DiDominic, Director of Admissions and Assisted Housing at 724-434-2115.**

For help regarding an abusive relationship, you may call the **National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1-800-799-7233 or, for persons with hearing impairments, 1-800-787-3224 (TTY).** You may also contact **Domestic Violence Services of Southwestern PA, Inc. at 724-439-9500 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week).**

For tenants who are or have been victims of stalking seeking help may visit the **National Center for Victims of Crime's Stalking Resource Center at <https://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center>.**

For help regarding sexual assault, you may contact **National Domestic Violence Hotline or Domestic Violence Services of Southwestern PA, Inc., listed above.**

Victims of stalking seeking help may contact **National Center for Victims of Crime's Stalking Resource Center listed above.**

Attachment: Certification Form HUD-5382, Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking, and Alternate Documentation (ATTACHED).

ATTACHMENT IV

NOTICE OF OCCUPANCY RIGHTS UNDER THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (Section 8)

FAYETTE COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY

Notice of Occupancy Rights under the Violence Against Women Act⁵

To all Tenants and Applicants

The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) provides protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. VAWA protections are not only available to women, but are available equally to all individuals regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.⁶ The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is the Federal Agency that oversees that the **Public Housing and Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs of the Fayette County Housing Authority** are in compliance with VAWA. This Notice explains your rights under VAWA. A HUD-Approved Certification Form is attached to this Notice. You can fill out this form to show that you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and that you wish to use your rights under VAWA.”

Protections for Applicants

If you otherwise qualify for assistance under the **Public Housing or Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs**, you cannot be denied admission or denied assistance because you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Protections for Tenants

If you are receiving assistance under the **Public Housing or Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs**, you may not be denied assistance, terminated from participation, or be evicted from your rental housing because you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Also, if you or an affiliated individual of yours is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking by a member of your household or any guest, you may not be denied rental assistance or occupancy rights under the **Public Housing or Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs** solely on the basis of criminal activity directly relating to that domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Affiliated individual means your spouse, parent, brother, sister, or child, or a person to whom you stand in the place of a parent or guardian (for example, the affiliated individual is in your care, custody, or control); or any individual, tenant, or lawful occupant living in your household.

⁵ Despite the name of this law, VAWA protection is available regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

⁶ Housing providers cannot discriminate on the basis of any protected characteristic, including race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, disability, or age. HUD-assisted and HUD-insured housing must be made available to all otherwise eligible individuals regardless of actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.

Removing the Abuser or Perpetrator from the Household

The Fayette County Housing Authority or your Section 8 Landlord may divide (bifurcate) your lease in order to evict the individual or terminate the assistance of the individual who has engaged in criminal activity (the abuser or perpetrator) directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

If the Fayette County Housing Authority or your Section 8 Landlord chooses to remove the abuser or perpetrator, the Housing Authority or Section 8 Landlord may not take away the rights of eligible tenants to the unit or otherwise punish the remaining tenants. If the evicted abuser or perpetrator was the sole tenant to have established eligibility for assistance under the program, the Housing Authority or Section 8 Landlord must allow the tenant who is or has been a victim and other household members to remain in the unit for a period of time, in order to establish eligibility under the program or under another HUD housing program covered by VAWA, or, find alternative housing.

In removing the abuser or perpetrator from the household, the Fayette County Housing Authority or Section 8 Landlord must follow Federal, State, and Local eviction procedures. In order to divide a lease, the Housing Authority or Section 8 Landlord may, but is not required to, ask you for documentation or certification of the incidences of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Moving to Another Unit

Upon your request, the Fayette County Housing Authority or Section 8 Landlord may permit you to move to another unit, subject to the availability of other units, and still keep your assistance. In order to approve a request, the Housing Authority may ask you to provide documentation that you are requesting to move because of an incidence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. If the request is a request for emergency transfer, the Housing Authority may ask you to submit a written request or fill out a form where you certify that you meet the criteria for an emergency transfer under VAWA. The criteria are:

(1) You are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. If the Housing Authority does not already have documentation that you are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, the Housing Authority may ask you for such documentation, as described in the documentation section below.

(2) You expressly request the emergency transfer. The Housing Authority may choose to require that you submit a form, or may accept another written or oral request.

(3) You reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your current unit. This means you have a reason to fear that if you do not receive a transfer you would suffer violence in the very near future.

OR

You are a victim of sexual assault and the assault occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period before you request a transfer. If you are a victim of sexual assault, then in addition to qualifying for an emergency transfer because you reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your unit, you may qualify for an emergency transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises of the property from which you are seeking your transfer, and that assault happened within the 90-calendar-day period before you expressly request the transfer.

The Fayette County Housing Authority will keep confidential requests for emergency transfers by victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and the location of any move by such victims and their families.

The Fayette County Housing Authority's Emergency Transfer Plan provides further information on emergency transfers, and the Housing Authority must make a copy of its Emergency Transfer Plan available to you if you ask to see it.

Documenting You Are or Have Been a Victim of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking

The Fayette County Housing Authority can, but is not required to, ask you to provide documentation to "certify" that you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Such request from the Housing Authority must be in writing, and the Housing Authority must give you at least 14 business days (Saturdays, Sundays, and Federal Holidays do not count) from the day you receive the request to provide the documentation. The Housing Authority may, but does not have to, extend the deadline for the submission of documentation upon your request.

You can provide one of the following to the Fayette County Housing Authority as documentation. It is your choice which of the following to submit if the Housing Authority asks you to provide documentation that you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

- A complete HUD-Approved Certification form given to you by the Housing Authority with this notice, that documents an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. The form will ask for your name, the date, time, and location of the incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and a description of the incident. The Certification Form provides for including the name of the abuser or perpetrator if the name of the abuser or perpetrator is known and is safe to provide.
- A record of a Federal, State, tribal, territorial, or local law enforcement agency, court, or administrative agency that documents the incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Examples of such records include police reports, protective orders, and restraining orders, among others.
- A statement, which you must sign, along with the signature of an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, a medical professional or a mental health professional (collectively, "professional") from whom you sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or the effects of abuse, and with the professional selected by you attesting under penalty of perjury that he or she believes that the incident or incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking are grounds for protection.
- Any other statement or evidence that the Housing Authority has agreed to accept.

If you fail or refuse to provide one of these documents within the 14 business days, the Fayette County Housing Authority does not have to provide you with the protections contained in this Notice.

If the Fayette County Housing Authority receives conflicting evidence that an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking has been committed (such as certification forms from two or more members of a household each claiming to be a victim and naming one or more of the other petitioning household members as the abuser or perpetrator), the Housing Authority has the right to request that you provide third-party documentation within thirty 30 calendar days in order to resolve the conflict. If you fail or refuse to provide third-party

documentation where there is conflicting evidence, the Housing Authority does not have to provide you with the protections contained in this notice.

Confidentiality

The Fayette County Housing Authority must keep confidential any information you provide related to the exercise of your rights under VAWA, including the fact that you are exercising your rights under VAWA.

The Housing Authority must not allow any individual administering assistance or other services on behalf of the Housing Authority (for example, employees and contractors) to have access to confidential information unless for reasons that specifically call for these individuals to have access to this information under applicable Federal, State, or Local Law.

The Fayette County Housing Authority must not enter your information into any shared database or disclose your information to any other entity or individual. The Housing Authority, however, may disclose the information provided if:

- You give written permission to the Housing Authority to release the information on a time limited basis.
- The Housing Authority needs to use the information in an eviction or termination proceeding, such as to evict your abuser or perpetrator or terminate your abuser or perpetrator from assistance under this program.
- A law requires the Housing Authority or your landlord to release the information.

VAWA does not limit the Fayette County Housing Authority's duty to honor court orders about access to or control of the property. This includes orders issued to protect a victim and orders dividing property among household members in cases where a family breaks up.

Reasons a Tenant Eligible for Occupancy Rights under VAWA May Be Evicted or Assistance May Be Terminated

You can be evicted and your assistance can be terminated for serious or repeated lease violations that are not related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking committed against you. However, the Fayette County Housing Authority cannot hold tenants who have been victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to a more demanding set of rules than it applies to tenants who have not been victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

The protections described in this Notice might not apply, and you could be evicted and your assistance terminated, if the Housing Authority can demonstrate that not evicting you or terminating your assistance would present a real physical danger that:

- 1) Would occur within an immediate time frame, and
- 2) Could result in death or serious bodily harm to other tenants or those who work on the property.

If the Housing Authority can demonstrate the above, then the Housing Authority should only terminate your assistance or evict you if there are no other actions that could be taken to reduce or eliminate the threat.

Other Laws

VAWA does not replace any Federal, State, or local law that provides greater protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. You may be entitled to additional housing protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking under other Federal laws, as well as under State and local laws.

Non-Compliance with The Requirements of This Notice

You may report the Fayette County Housing Authority's violations of these rights and seek additional assistance, if needed, by contacting or filing a complaint with **the Office of Public Housing, U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development, William Moorhead Federal Building, 1000 Liberty Avenue, Suite 1000, Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4004.**

For Additional Information

You may view a copy of HUD's final VAWA rule at **Federal Register 24 CFR, Part 5, Subpart L, Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013: Implementation in HUD Housing Programs, Final Rule (81 Federal Register 80724), dated November, 2016.**

Additionally, the Fayette County Housing Authority must make a copy of HUD's VAWA Regulations available to you if you ask to see them.

For questions regarding VAWA, please contact **the Tenant Selection Department of the Fayette County Housing Authority at 724-434-2118, or Lora Beth DiDominic, Director of Admissions and Assisted Housing at 724-434-2115.**

For help regarding an abusive relationship, you may call the **National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1-800-799-7233 or, for persons with hearing impairments, 1-800-787-3224 (TTY).** You may also contact **Domestic Violence Services of Southwestern PA, Inc. at 724-439-9500 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week).**

For tenants who are or have been victims of stalking seeking help may visit the **National Center for Victims of Crime's Stalking Resource Center at <https://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center>.**

For help regarding sexual assault, you may contact **National Domestic Violence Hotline or Domestic Violence Services of Southwestern PA, Inc., listed above.**

Victims of stalking seeking help may contact **National Center for Victims of Crime's Stalking Resource Center listed above.**

Attachment: Certification Form HUD-5382, Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking, and Alternate Documentation (ATTACHED).

ATTACHMENT V

FORM HUD-5382, CERTIFICATION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING, AND ALTERNATE DOCUMENTATION

**CERTIFICATION OF
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE,
DATING VIOLENCE,
SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING,
AND ALTERNATE DOCUMENTATION**

**U.S. Department of Housing
and Urban Development**

OMB Approval No. 2577-0286
Exp. 06/30/2017

Purpose of Form: The Violence Against Women Act (“VAWA”) protects applicants, tenants, and program participants in certain HUD programs from being evicted, denied housing assistance, or terminated from housing assistance based on acts of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against them. Despite the name of this law, VAWA protection is available to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

Use of This Optional Form: If you are seeking VAWA protections from your housing provider, your housing provider may give you a written request that asks you to submit documentation about the incident or incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

In response to this request, you or someone on your behalf may complete this optional form and submit it to your housing provider, or you may submit one of the following types of third-party documentation:

- (1) A document signed by you and an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, or medical professional, or a mental health professional (collectively, “professional”) from whom you have sought assistance relating to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or the effects of abuse. The document must specify, under penalty of perjury, that the professional believes the incident or incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking occurred and meet the definition of “domestic violence,” “dating violence,” “sexual assault,” or “stalking” in HUD’s regulations at 24 CFR 5.2003.
- (2) A record of a Federal, State, tribal, territorial or local law enforcement agency, court, or administrative agency; or
- (3) At the discretion of the housing provider, a statement or other evidence provided by the applicant or tenant.

Submission of Documentation: The time period to submit documentation is 14 business days from the date that you receive a written request from your housing provider asking that you provide documentation of the occurrence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Your housing provider may, but is not required to, extend the time period to submit the documentation, if you request an extension of the time period. If the requested information is not received within 14 business days of when you received the request for the documentation, or any extension of the date provided by your housing provider, your housing provider does not need to grant you any of the VAWA protections. Distribution or issuance of this form does not serve as a written request for certification.

Confidentiality: All information provided to your housing provider concerning the incident(s) of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking shall be kept confidential and such details shall not be entered into any shared database. Employees of your housing provider are not to have access to these details unless to grant or deny VAWA protections to you, and such employees may not disclose this information to any other entity or individual, except to the extent that disclosure is: (i) consented to by you in writing in a time-limited release; (ii) required for use in an eviction proceeding or hearing regarding termination of assistance; or (iii) otherwise required by applicable law.

**TO BE COMPLETED BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE,
DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING**

1. Date the written request is received by victim: _____

2. Name of victim: _____

3. Your name (if different from victim's): _____

4. Name(s) of other family member(s) listed on the lease: _____

5. Residence of victim: _____

6. Name of the accused perpetrator (if known and can be safely disclosed): _____

7. Relationship of the accused perpetrator to the victim: _____

8. Date(s) and times(s) of incident(s) (if known): _____

10. Location of incident(s): _____

In your own words, briefly describe the incident(s):

This is to certify that the information provided on this form is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and recollection, and that the individual named above in Item 2 is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. I acknowledge that submission of false information could jeopardize program eligibility and could be the basis for denial of admission, termination of assistance, or eviction.

Signature _____ Signed on (Date) _____

Public Reporting Burden: The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response. This includes the time for collecting, reviewing, and reporting the data. The information provided is to be used by the housing provider to request certification that the applicant or tenant is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. The information is subject to the confidentiality requirements of VAWA. This agency may not collect this information, and you are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget control number.

ATTACHMENT VI

FORM HUD-5383, EMERGENCY TRANSFER REQUEST FOR CERTAIN VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING

**EMERGENCY TRANSFER
REQUEST FOR CERTAIN
VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC
VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE,
SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING**

**U.S. Department of Housing
and Urban Development**

OMB Approval No. 2577-0286
Exp. 06/30/2017

Purpose of Form: If you are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and you are seeking an emergency transfer, you may use this form to request an emergency transfer and certify that you meet the requirements of eligibility for an emergency transfer under the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA). Although the statutory name references women, VAWA rights and protections apply to all victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking. Using this form does not necessarily mean that you will receive an emergency transfer. See your housing provider's emergency transfer plan for more information about the availability of emergency transfers.

The requirements you must meet are:

(1) You are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

If your housing provider does not already have documentation that you are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, your housing provider may ask you for such documentation. In response, you may submit Form HUD-5382, or any one of the other types of documentation listed on that Form.

(2) You expressly request the emergency transfer. Submission of this form confirms that you have expressly requested a transfer. Your housing provider may choose to require that you submit this form, or may accept another written or oral request. Please see your housing provider's emergency transfer plan for more details.

(3) You reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your current unit. This means you have a reason to fear that if you do not receive a transfer you would suffer violence in the very near future.

OR

You are a victim of sexual assault and the assault occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period before you request a transfer. If you are a victim of sexual assault, then in addition to qualifying for an emergency transfer because you reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your unit, you may qualify for an emergency transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises of the property from which you are seeking your transfer, and that assault happened within the 90-calendar-day period before you submit this form or otherwise expressly request the transfer.

Submission of Documentation: If you have third-party documentation that demonstrates why you are eligible for an emergency transfer, you should submit that documentation to your housing provider if it is safe for you to do so. Examples of third party documentation include, but are not limited to: a letter or other documentation from a victim service provider, social worker, legal assistance provider, pastoral counselor, mental health provider, or other professional from whom you have sought assistance; a current restraining order; a recent court order or other court records; a law enforcement report or records; communication records from the perpetrator of the violence or family members or friends of the perpetrator of the violence, including emails, voicemails, text messages, and social media posts.

Confidentiality: All information provided to your housing provider concerning the incident(s) of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and concerning your request for an emergency transfer shall be kept confidential. Such details shall not be entered into any shared database. Employees of your housing provider are not to have access to these details unless to grant or deny VAWA protections or an emergency transfer to you. Such employees may not disclose this information to any other entity or individual, except to the extent that disclosure is: (i) consented to by you in writing in a time-limited release; (ii) required for use in an eviction proceeding or hearing regarding termination of assistance; or (iii) otherwise required by applicable law.

TO BE COMPLETED BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE PERSON REQUESTING A TRANSFER

1. Name of victim requesting an emergency transfer: _____

2. Your name (if different from victim's) _____

3. Name(s) of other family member(s) listed on the lease: _____

4. Name(s) of other family member(s) who would transfer with the victim: _____

5. Address of location from which the victim seeks to transfer: _____

6. Address or phone number for contacting the victim: _____

7. Name of the accused perpetrator (if known and can be safely disclosed): _____

8. Relationship of the accused perpetrator to the victim: _____

9. Date(s), Time(s) and location(s) of incident(s): _____

10. Is the person requesting the transfer a victim of a sexual assault that occurred in the past 90 days on the premises of the property from which the victim is seeking a transfer? If yes, skip question 11. If no, fill out question 11. _____

11. Describe why the victim believes they are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if they remain in their current unit.

12. If voluntarily provided, list any third-party documentation you are providing along with this notice: _____

This is to certify that the information provided on this form is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and that the individual named above in Item 1 meets the requirement laid out on this form for an emergency transfer. I acknowledge that submission of false information could jeopardize program eligibility and could be the basis for denial of admission, termination of assistance, or eviction.

Signature _____ Signed on (Date) _____